

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number

TO: Jungwon Chang Location: RND 4D61

Art Unit: 2154

Wednesday, July 27, 2005

Case Serial Number: 09/665368

From: David Holloway Location: EIC 2100

RND 4B19

Phone: 2-3528

david.holloway@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Dear Examiner Chang,

Attached please find your search results for above-referenced case. Please contact me if you have any questions or would like a re-focused search.

David



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Set
        Items
                Description
                PAPER() (MODEL OR MODELING OR FOLDING) OR ORIGAMI?
         7892
S1
                PLAN OR DIAGRAM? OR TEMPLATE?
S2
      8696529
S3
     17852860
                PLAN OR PLANS OR PATTERN? OR STENCIL? OR DIAGRAM? OR TEMPL-
             ATE?
S4
           13
                S1 (10N)S2 (10N) (INTERNET? OR WWW OR WEBSITE? OR WEBPAGE?
             OR WEB()(SITE? OR PAGE?) OR WORLDWIDE()WEB)
S<sub>5</sub>
                S1(10N)S3(10N)(INTERNET? OR WWW OR WEBSITE? OR WEBPAGE? OR
             ONLINE OR ON()LINE OR WORLDWIDE()WEB OR WEB()(SITE? OR PAGE?))
                RD (unique items)
S6
           16
                S6 NOT PY>1999
? show files
File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2005/Jul 27
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
      47:Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) 1959-2005/Jul 27
         (c) 2005 The Gale group
      75:TGG Management Contents(R) 86-2005/Jul W3
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Jul 26
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
     16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2005/Júl 26
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2005/Jul 27
         (c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2005/Jul W4
         (c) 2005 ProQuest
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 141:Readers Guide 1983-2004/Dec
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co
File 239:Mathsci 1940-2005/Sep
         (c) 2005 American Mathematical Society
File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2005/Jul 27
         (c) 2005 The Dialog Corp.
File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText 1982-2004/Dec
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co
File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R) 1985-2005/Jul 27
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2005/Jul W3
         (c) 2005 IDG Communications
File
      88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S. 1976-2005/Jul 26
(c) 2005 The Gale Group File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 635:Business Dateline(R) 1985-2005/Jul 27
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File
     15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2005/Jul 27
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File
       9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2005/Jul 26
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
     13:BAMP 2005/Jul W3
File
         (c) 2005
                  The Gale Group
File 810:Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28
         (c) 1999 Business Wire
File 610:Business Wire 1999-2005/Jul 26
         (c) 2005 Business Wire.
File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2005/Jul W2
         (c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC
      98:General Sci Abs/Full-Text 1984-2004/Dec
File
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2005/Jul 27
         (c)2005 The Gale Group
File 634:San Jose Mercury Jun 1985-2005/Jul 26
         (c) 2005 San Jose Mercury News
File 20:Dialog Global Reporter 1997-2005/Jul 27
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7/3, K/1 (Item 1 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05048004 Supplier Number: 47410639 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Wired for Profit

Kilburn, David

ADWEEK Eastern Edition, p21

May 26, 1997

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 1348

... a section on how Saturn cares about people and the environment. Web users can download **origami patterns** for making paper models of the cars.

'Using the **Internet** is an integral part of our strategy,' says Keith Wicks, Saturn general manager for Japan...

7/3,K/2 (Item 1 from file: 484)

DIALOG(R) File 484: Periodical Abs Plustext

(c) 2005 ProQuest. All rts. reserv.

04048530 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Hiroshima and paper cranes: A technique to deal with death and grief

Davis, Thomas M; Yehieli, Michele

Journal of School Health (IJSH), v68 n9, p384-386, p.3

Nov 1998

ISSN: 0022-4391 JOURNAL CODE: IJSH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Instructional

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 1497

TEXT:

... square at perfect 90 degree angles. Directions for folding a paper crane are provided in **Diagram** 1. Few students can learn the art of **origami** through **diagrams** alone. Readers also may view the progress of folding a paper crane via a quick-time movie at the **website** "www.uni.edu/davist'.

(Illustration Omitted)
Captioned as: Diagram 1

Facilitating a Follow-up Discussion...

7/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 696)

DIALOG(R) File 696: DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters

(c) 2005 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.

00643509

Case Study Nikolai.com: A Real Marriage of Creativity and Management Savvy

MIN'S NEW MEDIA REPORT

December 7, 1998 VOL: 4 ISSUE: 25 DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSLETTER

PUBLISHER: PHILLIPS BUSINESS INFORMATION

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH WORD COUNT: 745 RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

(c) PHILLIPS PUBLISHING INTERNATIONAL All Rts. Reserv.

TEXT:

...visually from a world of poorly imagined cartoon personae. Watercolor "analog" paintings are digitized for **online** use. Nikolai.com is an activity book. Interactivity is the point throughout the site, from **origami** plans to animated connect-the-dots

pictures. Individual features can take weeks of design time. Staffer...

(Item 1 from file: 647) DIALOG(R) File 647: CMP Computer Fulltext (c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

01111870 CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: HPC19961201S0047

300 Best Web Sites-From art to 'zines, these are the sites you must see.

Editors of HomePC

HOME PC, 1996, n 312, PG161 PUBLICATION DATE: 961201

JOURNAL CODE: HPC LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext SECTION HEADING: Features

WORD COUNT: 9022

jw.stanford. edu/KIDS/) Youngsters can learn about Japanese writing, practice the ancient art of origami or enjoy a Japanese folk

National Geographic Online (http://www .nationalgeographic. com) Hundreds of new photos, maps, diagrams and articles help students understand their world.

NetVet Veterinary Resources (http://netvet.wustl.edu) Learn...

7/3,K/5 (Item 2 from file: 647) DIALOG(R)File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext (c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

01088023 CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: NTG19960501S0063
Leisure time
NETGUIDE 1996 n 305, PG116
PUBLICATION DATE: 960501

JOURNAL CODE: NTG LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

SECTION HEADING: CyberGuide : Your GUIDE to the NET

WORD COUNT: 282

dragons, winged pigs, and centaurs-see Joseph Wu's brilliant folded paper designs, and download origami diagrams in PostScript or Adobe Acrobat file formats.

World Wide Web: http://www.cs.ubc.ca/spider/jwu/origami.html

Salon Betty Interactive Paper Doll

Betty isn't your average sweet little paper doll...

7/9, K/1 (Item 1 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05048004 Supplier Number: 47410639 (THIS IS THE FULLTEXT)

Wired for Profit Kilburn, David

ADWEEK Eastern Edition, p21

May 26, 1997 ISSN: 0199-2864

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 1348

TEXT:

Letter from Tokyo

David KILLBURN

It's a wired world in Japan - the country that once looked as if it would miss the digital revolution. New business growth in the high-tech sector is booming. This should provide a powerful shot in the arm for the ad industry, attract technology clients and help foreign marketers reach Japanese customers.

It will also mean big bucks.

Riding a tidal wave of technological optimism, the computer and communications industries increased ad spending in Japan last year to nearly \$2 billion - a 28 percent increase from 1995, compared with less than 7 percent growth across all other industries, notes Dentsu.

What explains the rapid rise? A number of factors. For starters, deregulation, falling prices and new technologies have lured consumers.

Sales of personal computers alone have grown. That market jumped 39 percent in 1996, according to an annual survey by IDC, Japan, and for the second year, Japan was the fastest-growing PC market in Asia. Demand is fueled by growing interest in the Internet and multimedia. 'Interest is spreading from business to home use,' says Kimio Arai, president of Tokyu Agency International. 'That's how the markets for television and video recorders developed here. We can expect the PC and Internet-related markets to develop very quickly from now on.'

In addition, since April 1994, users have been allowed to buy, rather than lease, their phones. In July 1995, a new, cheaper mobile phone service, the PHS, was introduced. PHS phones, despite a limited calling range and the inability to be used in vehicles, were an instant hit. Mobile subscriber numbers have soared as a result - from more than 2 million in March 1994 to an astounding 21 million in March 1997. This year, new phones and a new data service enable mobile phones to connect directly with computers to transmit data.

But rapid growth isn't problem-free, especially for mobile phone makers. Since phones are made to specifications set by the service providers, it has become increasingly difficult to distinguish between phones. 'Though many of the manufacturers are extremely well-known, it's doubtful whether consumers can see much difference between offerings. There is a lot of lazy marketing here,' says Chris Beaumont, McCann-Erickson's chief strategy officer for Asia.

McCann client Nokia, one of the few foreign makers competing in this marketplace, is trying to carve out a niche. Its latest campaign shows how easy it is to use its phones. One TV spot features a ballerina phoning while on stage.

In fact, though Japanese consumers are generally quick to adopt new technologies, growth in PC usership has been slow. Intel Japan estimates that only 15 percent of Japanese homes have a PC, compared with more than 40 percent of homes in the U.S. That 15 percent reality is played out in ads, where the young help their elders come to terms with the technological transformations the computer is bringing. But a degree of hesitation or cyberphobia remains.

[Western advertising] tends to be function-based; in Japan, the focus is more personal, developing a relationship with the consumer. For example, the recent IBM ThinkPad advertising conveys the sense of personal

empowerment and lifestyle orientation within a framework of mobility. Similarly, the 'We ... Microsoft' print campaign lays the foundation for empowerment, fun and efficiency,' says Beaumont.

Empathy is also important, says Manuel Torres, general manager of marketing for Intel Japan. 'In Japan, the target market for technology is just about everyone. Compared to most Asian countries, a PC in Japan is very affordable.'

Indeed, the rising PC penetration in Japan is good news for advertisers: The Internet is a new, important marketing tool. Dentsu and Hakuhodo, Japan's two largest agencies, are developing the Web as a Japanese advertising medium. Dentsu subsidiary Cyber Communications has teamed up with Yahoo! in Japan to sell ads. Hakuhodo has formed the Digital Advertising Consortium, together with four other shops - Asatsu, Yomiuri Advertising, Dal Ichi Kikaku and I&S - to sell Infoseek Japan. But advertising on the Net is still a small business, worth only about \$14 million last year, and won't reach U.S. Web revenue levels, says Hidenori Tanaka, manager of Dentsu's Digital Communications Division.

The real impact of the Web's marketing is creating sites that reach Japanese consumers. Last November, some four months before using traditional media to launch its new car, Saturn Japan opened a Web site: www.saturn japan.com. The bilingual site was developed by Dai Ichi Kikaku, Saturn's agency in Japan. It includes all the latest news about the company, its cars, history, philosophy and retailer locations, as well as a section on how Saturn cares about people and the environment. Web users can download origami patterns for making paper models of the cars.

'Using the **Internet** is an integral part of our strategy,' says Keith Wicks, Saturn general manager for Japan. 'The Web will become more important to us down the line. Japan is still behind the curve from a U.S. standpoint.' Because Saturn's prospective customers are younger than the typical Japanese new car buyer, Web advertising is a key way to reach this crucial demographic.

General Motors' Opel Japan was the Internet trailblazer for automakers in Japan. In December 1994, it opened its Web site - www.opel.co.jp. This was the first time any car maker had used the Web in Japan.

'The Web's interactivity enables us to relate to customers and prospective purchasers in ways impossible in traditional media,' says Opel spokesman George Hansen, who claims the site gets up to 100,000 hits a day. Opel coordinated the site, working with McCann-Erickson, Tokyu Agency International, and a number of Web design boutiques.

Dentsu, Hakuhodo and Dai Ichi Kikaku are the agencies most active on the Web. But while the two giants work mainly with their Japanese clients, Dai Ichi Kikaku has also successfully integrated Web sites into brand strategies for a number of their international clients: Warner-Lambert (Clorets), Bristol-Myers Squibb (Sea Breeze), Freixenet (Spanish wine), and Mercury Investment Trust Management. Japanese advertisers who used to see the Web as a good place to put company brochures, annual reports and press releases are now exploring how interactivity can put them in direct contact with consumers. Working with Hakuhodo, Hitachi recently launched a new digital camera, designed for Web makers, using a Web site and magazine advertisements to publicize the URL: mpeg.hitachi.co.jp/planet. A corresponding English site can be found at:www.MPEGCam.net.

In fact, most of the launch budget for the digital camera was spent on the Web rather than on traditional media. 'It was the first time we've launched in this way, and I guess it won't be the last,' says Jin Wakamatsu, producer of Hakuhodo's cybermedia department.

'Within a few years, Web use will be almost universal,' predicts Wakamatsu. 'Web technologies will be an integral part of new generations of TVs, video recorders and other appliances. Consumers will be able to turn on their TV and not know whether they are receiving a traditional broadcast or. surfing the Web. And the prospect of selling Web TVs and other Web appliances worldwide lends promise to another new business growth.'

Sony, which is actively pursuing its own digital dreams, believes a new breed of agency in Japan will accompany Web use. As such, on May 1, Sony bought 94 percent of the \$240 million Tokyo agency, Tokyu Agency International, which currently handles one-third of its Japanese business,

and installed its own management team. The remaining 6 percent is held, at Sony's request, by Tokyu Corp., the agency founders and previous majority shareholders.

Relaunching the agency as Intervision, Sony president Nobuyuki Idei says, 'The media and marketing environments in Japan are changing. Digital satellite broadcasting, the Internet, software and games are all examples of this. While continuing its existing activities, Intervision will also explore the new technologies and new approaches to advertising. It will be a new kind of agency. It won't be a 'house agency.'

'Sony's global operational network, hardware and software capabilities are all being made available to the agency as it explores new frontiers,' says Idei.

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Description
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      1040783
S2
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S1 AND S2 AND (INTERNET? OR WWW OR WEBSITE? OR WEBPAGE? OR
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S9
                 S5:S8
S10
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S11 6 IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
File 347:JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Feb(Updated 050606)
          (c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200547
          (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent
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11/5/5 (Item 5 from file: 347)
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

06228389 **Image available**
METHOD FOR DEVELOPING SHEET METAL MODEL IN SHEET METAL CAD/CAM SYSTEM

PUB. NO.: 11-169952 [JP 11169952 A] PUBLISHED: June 29, 1999 (19990629)

INVENTOR(s): YAMADA SATOSHI APPLICANT(s): AMADA CO LTD

APPL. NO.: 09-336068 [JP 97336068] FILED: December 05, 1997 (19971205) INTL CLASS: B21D-005/01; G06F-017/50

ABSTRACT

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To unnecessitate troublesome inputting operation by an operator and to directly develop a sheet metal model by refering to the sheet metal model showing the geometrical shape of a sheet metal product and performing a developing treatment containing a sheet metal part recognition, intermediate surface preparation, bending recognition, obtainment of elongation value, retrieval of connecting condition between surfaces, developing shape calculation, etc., in order.

SOLUTION: A sheet metal model automatic developing device 29 in a sheet metal CAD/ CAM system 1, reads out the sheet metal model in the form of data base stored in a paper model /sheet metal model storing device 17. A sheet thickness recognition treatment for recognizing by separating each of one pair of general surfaces mutually faced while interposing the sheet thickness part from the sheet thickness face is performed by refering to the sheet thickness dimension of the sheet metal model showing the geometric shape. Successively, the intermediate surface preparing treatment for preparing the intermediate surface whose sheet thickness component is removed, is performed, and in the intermediate surface, the recognizing treatment to the bending surface as bending object is executed, etc., and finally, the whole development becoming one closed route in the outer circumference is performed to comlete the treatment.

COPYRIGHT: (C) 1999, JPO

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Description
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                  S1 AND S2(2N)S3
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                  S4 NOT PY>1999
 S5
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 S6
         47:Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) 1959-2005/Jul 27
           (c) 2005 The Gale group
         20:Dialog Global Reporter 1997-2005/Jul 27 (c) 2005 The Dialog Corp.
   File
   File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Jul 26
           (c) 2005 The Gale Group
         16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2005/Jul 26
   File
           (c) 2005 The Gale Group
   File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2005/Jul 27
           (c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
 *File 624: Homeland Security & Defense and 9 Platt energy journals added
 Please see HELP NEWS624 for more
   File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2005/Jul W3
           (c) 2005 ProQuest
 *File 484: SELECT IMAGE AVAILABILITY FOR PROQUEST FILES
 ENTER 'HELP PROQUEST' FOR MORE
   File 141:Readers Guide 1983-2004/Dec
           (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co
         88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S. 1976-2005/Jul 26
           (c) 2005 The Gale Group
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         1: Updates suspended by ERIC until
 Q3, 2005
   File 179:Architecture DB 1987-2005/May
           (c) 2005 Royal Inst. of Brit. Architects
   File 439:Arts&Humanities Search(R) 1980-2005/Jul W3
           (c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
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6/3,K/15 (Item 1 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 54466899 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) SECTION 3: PREPRESS ELECTRONIC IMAGING. Printing Impressions, v41, n2, p148(1)

July, 1998

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 23908

and locates files from Mac OS and Microsoft Windows workstations, while running any ODBC-compliant database from the server platform.

Circle 1737 on Info Card

WAM!NET

WAM!BASE is an on-line, remote...Ultimate Technographics Impostrip for UNIX, Sun, Windows/NT and Macintosh, utilizes an intelligent folding module, Origami, to determine page sequence and direction based on the operator's full-color, on-screen...

...learn imposition solution. Automatic calculation of master layouts up to 222x292 with Best Fit and Origami , the electronic folding utility. Job Control Bar walks users through required steps. Use standard library...

11/9, K/7 (Item 2 from file: 88)
DIALOG(R) File 88: Gale Group Business A.R.T.S.
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04095579 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 18880776

More origami solids.(computer simulations for origami)

Glassner, Andrew

IEEE Computer Graphics and Applications, v16, n5, p81(5)

Sep, 1996

ISSN: 0272-1716 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Abstract

ABSTRACT: Computer simulations, using unit origami techniques, have been created for three Archimedean solids that are equal mixtures of pairs of Platonic solids. The diagrams can be made with the help of a computer-aided drafting program which reads an origami notation and produces a 3D geometry file of the result, or otherwise, creates folding diagrams using the same information. The paper - folding techniques for the three solids, cuboctahedron, tetrahedron/tetrahedron dual, and icosadodecahedron, have been described.

DESCRIPTORS: Origami--Models; Computer simulation--Usage SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; photograph; chart FILE SEGMENT: AI File 88

... ABSTRACT: origami notation and produces a 3D geometry file of the result, or otherwise, creates folding **diagrams** using the same information. The **paper** - **folding** techniques for the three solids, cuboctahedron, te

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Items
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S9
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      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Jun
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
      65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Jul W4
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       2:INSPEC 1969-2005/Jul W3
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         (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
      94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Jun W1
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File 144:Pascal 1973-2005/Jul W3
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      99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/Jun
File
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      95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2005/Jun W3
File
         (c) 2005 FIZ TECHNIK
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11/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 8) DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP96063215294 04426319 Title: Computational algorithm for origami design Author: Lang, Robert J. Corporate Source: Pleasanton, CA, USA Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1996 12th Annual Symposium on Computational Geometry Conference Location: Philadelphia, PA, USA Conference 19960524-19960526 Sponsor: ACM E.I. Conference No.: 44788 Source: Proceedings of the Annual Symposium on Computational Geometry 1996. ACM, New York, NY, USA. p 98-105 Publication Year: 1996 CODEN: PACGET Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); T ; (Theoretical) Journal Announcement: 9608W2 Abstract: A complete algorithm is presented for the first time for the design of an arbitrary origami figure, specifically, for the solution of a crease pattern that folds flat into a base with any desired number of flaps of arbitrary length. The algorithm is based on a set of mathematical conditions on the mapping between the crease pattern and a tree graph representing the base. The algorithm is illustrated by applying it in a computer program written in C plus plus that is available on the Internet With this algorithm, one can compute the crease pattern for origami designs of unprecedented complexity and sophistication. 21 Refs. Descriptors: *Algorithms; Computational geometry; Computational complexity; Mathematical techniques; Trees (mathematics); Graph theory; C (programming language); Computational methods; Optimization; Constraint theory Identifiers: Origami design; Crease pattern; Multipointed base; Technical folding; Flaps; Internet; Base; Polygon; Flat foldable pattern Classification Codes: (Computer Programming Languages) (Computer Programming); 723.5 (Computer Applications); 921.4 (Combinatorial Mathematics, Includes Graph Theory, Set Theory); 921.6 (Numerical Methods) 723 (Computer Software); 921 (Applied Mathematics) (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 92 (ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS)

DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv. INSPEC Abstract Number: C9809-6130B-092 Title: Origami, folding paper over the Web Author(s): Kishi, N.; Fujii, Y. Author Affiliation: Dept. of Math. & Comput. Sci., Tsuda Coll., Tokyo, Japan Conference Title: Proceedings. 3rd Asia Pacific Computer Human p.337-42 Interaction (Cat. No.98EX110) Publisher: IEEE Comput. Soc, Los Alamitos, CA, USA Publication Date: 1998 Country of Publication: USA xviii+474 pp. ISBN: 0 8186 8347 3 Material Identity Number: XX98-02051 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 8186 8347 3/98/\$10.00 Conference Title: Proceedings of Asia-Pacific Computer Human Interaction 1998 Meeting Inf. Process. Soc. Japan (IPSJ); ACM Japan Chapter; Conference Sponsor: British HCI Group (UK); CHISIGNZ (New Zealand); Ergonomics Soc. Singapore (ESS); Graduate Univ. Adv. Studies; IEICE of Japan; IFIP; Japan Ergonomics Soc. (JES); Japan Psychol. Assoc.; Japanese Soc. Artificial Intelligence; Japan Soc. Software Sci. & Technol. (JSSST); Japanese Soc. Sci. Design; Japanese Cognitive Soc.; Joint Conference on Educ. Technol. (JCET); Soc. Instrum. & Control Eng. (SICE); Southeast Asian Ergonomics Soc. (SEAES); Univ. Malaysia Sarawak (UNIMAS) (Malaysia) Conference Date: 15-17 July 1998 Conference Location: Shonan Village Center, Japan Language: English Document Type: Conference Paper (PA) Treatment: Practical (P) Abstract: Origami , paperfolding, is a traditional Japanese art of folding paper into representation of 3-D figures. In general, it is quite difficult to learn origami from 2-D images such as diagrams and videos, because it requires inference of 3-D models from 2-D images. We are developing a system for folding origami over the Web, by designing a model of an origami folding process and by implementing a client-server system. Our system consists of three parts: the origami editor, origami server and origami browser. The origami editor enables the user to create and edit origami projects, which are sequences of origami states and folding methods. The origami server receives the input data from editor and generates a VRML 2.0 data stream, which represents a transition between two **origami** states. The VRML 2.0 data stream is then displayed by the origami browser, or a VRML 2.0 browser, as a 3-D origami figure in motion. (4 Refs) Subfile: C Descriptors: client- server systems; computer animation; solid modelling; user interfaces; virtual reality Identifiers: origami editor; paperfolding; Japanese art; 3D figure representation; 2D images; diagrams; World Wide Web; client- server system; origami server; origami browser; VRML; animation Class Codes: C6130B (Graphics techniques); C7820 (Humanities computing); C6180 (User interfaces); C6150N (Distributed systems software) Copyright 1998, IEE

11/5/3

(Item 1 from file: 2)

11/5/7 (Item 1 from file: 94)
DIALOG(R)File 94:JICST-EPlus (c)2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv. JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 97A0629192 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Origami Browser Using VRML on the Web. FUJII YURIKO (1); KISHI NOBUKO (1) (1) Tsuda Coll. Joho Shori Gakkai Kenkyu Hokoku, 1997, VOL.97, NO.43 (HI-72), PAGE.19-24, FIG.3, REF.4 JOURNAL NUMBER: Z0031BAO ISSN NO: 0919-6072 UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 681.3:621.397.3 681.51:007.51 LANGUAGE: Japanese COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ARTICLE TYPE: Original paper MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication ABSTRACT: Origami , paper folding , is hard to learn from diagrams and videos, because it is necessary to infer 3-D models from 2-D images. To overcome these drawbacks, we are developing a system for learning origami on the Web. The system contains an origami browser, an origami editor, and an origami archiver, which manages a collection of folding methods. It also uses a VRML 2.0 browser as 3-D animation output media. This article describes the origami browser in the system, focusing on how folding methods are stored, and how these methods are converted to 3-D animation in VRML 2.0. (author abst.) DESCRIPTORS: computer animation; user interface; pleasure; paper; display device; data representation; three dimension; computer network; protocol; space; internet ; virtual space BROADER DESCRIPTORS: animation; image technology; technology; computer graphics; computer application; utilization; interface; equipment; representation; dimension; communication network; information network; network; rule CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): JE04010I; IB03000G

(Item 2 from file: 94) DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus (c)2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv. JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 88A0445426 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Large size paper folder for FX3080. DOBASHI KENJI (1); HARA AKIHIKO (1); ISHINO MASAHIRO (1) (1) Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd. Fuji Xerox Tech Rep, 1988, NO.3, PAGE.99-103, FIG.7, TBL.3 JOURNAL NUMBER: X0247AAU ISSN NO: 0912-0424 UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 686.1 COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan LANGUAGE: Japanese DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ARTICLE TYPE: Commentary MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication ABSTRACT: This large size paper folding product was developed to facilitate drawing issue operation by automating copying, stamping and paper folding while online to a FX3080 which is a PPC for 1-15Km monthly copy volume market and has 5 sheets/minute speed for A0 (maximum) size. This product is characterized by online connection to the processor, sufficient application of folding pattern and compact machine design. (author abst.) DESCRIPTORS: copying machine; drawing (diagram); large type; folding machine; online system; improvement of efficiency; specification; structure; principle BROADER DESCRIPTORS: machinery; diagram and table; type; system; modification

CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): ZA05060W

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L15	2	origami near5 program	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/07/27 13:26
L17	. 22	origami and (g06f\$)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/07/27 13:38
L20	61576	"229"/\$.ccls.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/07/27 13:42
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